The State of Higher Education in Alaska

ALASKA COMMISSION ON POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION
PO Box 110505, Juneau, Alaska 99811-0505
800-441-2962 | In Juneau: 907-465-2962
TTY: Dial 711 or 800-770-8973
Institutional profile information in this report (page 32) includes IPEDS data for reporting institutions, survey responses for non-Alaska based institutions and Alaska training providers. ACPE can answer questions about the data for the Alaska Student Loan, APS and AEG data, and can provide contact information for questions about campus information used in this publication.
The Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education (ACPE) was created by the Alaska Legislature in 1974 to centralize planning for higher education and administer financial aid programs.

In 1987, the Legislature established the Alaska Student Loan Corporation, which funds the Commission’s programs and services.

The following responsibilities and authorities, set out in law, frame the Commission’s overarching mission of improving access to and success in college and career training for Alaskans:

1. Supports the growth & development of postsecondary programs
2. Assesses educational outcomes
3. Administers financial aid programs & interstate education compact programs
4. Advises on consortia & cooperative agreements among Alaska postsecondary institutions
5. Regulates & ensures compliance of postsecondary institutions as the state agency required by federal higher education law

The Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education (ACPE) promotes access to and success in postsecondary education and career training after high school. Funded by the Alaska Student Loan Corporation (ASLC), the Commission provides:

1. Education Planning Tools & Resources
2. Financial Aid for College & Career Training
3. Advocacy & Support for Postsecondary Participation in Alaska
5. Research & Analysis on Alaska’s Postsecondary Education & Financial Aid Programs
The evolution across the higher education landscape in Alaska and the nation continued throughout 2022. With new and ongoing challenges from the COVID-19 pandemic to the need for additional education financing, from declining enrollments to increased workforce demands — it is clear we are forging a new path for postsecondary education.

ACPE strives to be responsive and intentional in the resources it offers to all education stakeholders – students, families, postsecondary institutions, and ultimately – the Alaska workforce. Over the course of 2022, ACPE continued in its efforts to re-engage and re-envision how the organization can be of service to Alaskans:

1. Agency-wide Strategic Planning initiatives
2. Creation of enhanced student loan options as a result of stakeholder feedback and legislative action
3. Development of new FAFSA Completion programming resources
4. Extensive collaboration towards modernizing and increasing access to Alaska’s merit-based aid program

There is a tremendous and urgent need for postsecondary resources to be developed and shared equitably in Alaska. ACPE seeks to remain a responsive leader in developing these collaborative partnerships through inclusive engagement, meaningful dialogue, and mutual respect.

We look forward to the upcoming year with a reinvigorated commitment and motivation to find solutions to the educational and workforce needs of Alaskans now and in the years to come.

Best Regards,

Josh Bicchinella,
ACPE Chair

Sana Efird,
ACPE Executive Director
Throughout the 2022-23 cycle, AlaskaCAN set forth on an exciting journey to become a more relevant and responsive organization through the course of strategic planning initiatives. The AlaskaCAN Board of Directors established new Vision, Purpose, Values, and Envisioned Future for AlaskaCAN (See top of Pg. 5).

Through the creation of this new path forward, Strategic Operating Priorities were also established to ensure AlaskaCAN, its Directors, and its members remain engaged and focused on ensuring their efforts and activities to directly support the overarching goals of the organization.

**STRATEGIC OPERATING PRIORITIES:**

1. Be Alaska’s Trusted and Valued Convener of Education and Workforce Partners

   Convening Alaska’s many strategic partners across the wide range of education and workforce pathways, beyond college and formal credentialing, and the significant impact on both Alaskans and a thriving Alaskan economy.

2. Develop Strategic Partnerships

   Focused on bringing real, positive, lasting impacts to Alaska’s workforce—partnerships that engage AlaskaCAN members, industry stakeholders, school districts, Alaska’s colleges, universities, and training centers, workforce development organizations and professionals, and State Agencies, among many others.
Build Awareness

Outreach and advocacy for all Alaskans to understand the importance of completing education and workforce pathways for themselves, their families, their communities, and Alaska’s economic health - and that organizations and institutions supporting postsecondary workforce pathways are aligned in addressing systemic barriers to, and opportunities for, increasing access and ensuring completion.

Grow AlaskaCAN’s Organizational Sustainability

A high performing, representative AlaskaCAN Board is overseeing the sustainable growth of the organization, engagement of members, development of solid human resources capacity, and improving long-term financial stability.

As always, AlaskaCAN’s greatest asset is its members. As we look ahead to 2025 and beyond, we encourage and promote the collective participation and collaboration of our members to bring our VISION and ENVISIONED FUTURE into fruition.

We are encouraged by the increases in our membership, AlaskaCAN Conference attendance, and Convening participation and urge those who are not yet members to take time to learn more about AlaskaCAN and the ways in which they can be involved in this important and meaningful work.

Exploire AlaskaCAN’s dashboard at: 65BY2025.ORG/ABOUT/METRICS
HIGHER EDUCATION
ALASKA CONTEXT

COLLEGE PREPARATION
DURING HIGH SCHOOL

PLACEMENT TEST REQUIREMENTS
REINSTATED:

Class of 2020 & 2021 had test score waivers due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

For Class of 2022, prior placement test (ACT, SAT, WorkKeys) requirements were reinstated.

EXHIBIT 1
Alaska System of Academic Readiness (AK STAR), percent of high school Class of 2025 (9th graders tested 2021-22) advanced or proficient in English, language, arts (ELA) and mathematics. Alaska Science Assessment, percent of high school Class of 2024 (10th graders tested 2021-22).

Alaska DEED

EXHIBIT 2
Alaska Performance Scholarship (APS), Class of 2021 & 2022 eligibility and use. 2022 had the lowest eligibility rate since the program’s inception at 17%. APS use in 2022 was similar to previous years at 22%.

2023 APS Outcomes Report

APS recipients use the award for collegiate studies

98%
Standardized Testing

National standardized test participation declined for graduating high school Class of 2022. The state of Alaska ACT participation was 14% | Exhibit 3, and SAT participation 26% | Exhibit 4. These participation rates were slightly lower than the Class of 2021.

Exhibit 3
ACT testing, Alaska vs. national (high school Class of 2022). When compared to states with similar ACT participation rates, Alaska’s score (20.4) ranked LOWEST. Similar states (12-15% participation rates) were Colorado (23.2), Idaho (22.8), Indiana (22.8) and New Jersey (24.6). ACT.org

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>National</th>
<th>14% AK ACT Participation</th>
<th>36%</th>
<th>20.4 AK Avg. Composite Score</th>
<th>19.8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST PARTICIPATION BY GENDER (AK)</td>
<td></td>
<td>44% Men</td>
<td>56% Women</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCENT MEETING BENCHMARK:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Enlgish ▼58%</td>
<td>Math ▼37%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reading ▼48%</td>
<td>Science ▼35%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 4
SAT testing, Alaska vs. national (high school Class of 2022). When compared to states with similar SAT participation rates, Alaska’s score (1,110) ranked LOWEST. Similar states (21-31% participation rates) were California (1,115), Oregon (1,143), North Carolina (1,136) and Hawaii (1,124). CollegeBoard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAT</th>
<th>National</th>
<th>26% AK SAT Participation</th>
<th>N/A</th>
<th>1,110 AK Avg. Total Score</th>
<th>1,050</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST PARTICIPATION BY GENDER (AK)</td>
<td></td>
<td>47% Men</td>
<td>53% Women</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCENT MEETING BENCHMARK:</td>
<td></td>
<td>ERW ▼84%</td>
<td>BOTH ▼57%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Math ▼59%</td>
<td>None ▼15%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High School Graduation Rates

The 2019-20 National Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) for public high school students was 87%. Alaska’s rate for 2019-20 was 79%, ranking 46th* in the US (ahead of Arizona and New Mexico, and behind Oklahoma). Alaska’s Class of 2021 statewide public high school graduation rate was 78% | Exhibit 5. *Data suppressed/not available for Texas and Illinois NCES

ACGR:
79% Alaska
87% National

Exhibit 5
Public Alaska 4-year high school graduation rates, Class of 2021. English Learners had the greatest change in graduation rates the last 5 years, with over 10% increase from 2017 to 2021. Other categories have experienced little to no change since 2017. NCES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statewide · Class of 2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>78% CAUCASIAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84% FEMALE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81% STUDENTS WITHOUT DISABILITIES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76% MALE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70% ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69% ENGLISH LEARNERS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66% ALASKA NATIVE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59% STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51% HOMELESS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Alaska immediate postsecondary enrollments are declining, as is the percentage of Alaska high school graduates enrolled in college 1-year following graduation | Exhibit 6 & 7.

Of those enrolled in postsecondary education from Alaska’s high school Class of 2021 & 2022, less than half attended college in-state | Exhibit 8. Postsecondary enrollment and progress of Class of 2015 is given in Exhibit 9.

Exhibit 6
Alaska vs. national immediate postsecondary enrollment rates of high school graduates, 2018-2021. National rates are back to pre-pandemic levels while Alaska levels remain lower at 35%. IPEDS, NSC

Exhibit 7
Alaska Class of 2021 & 2022 high school graduate enrollments. LESS THAN 4 IN 10 graduates were enrolled in postsecondary education within a year following high school graduation. NSC

Exhibit 8
Proportion of Alaska high school graduates enrolling in-state vs. out-of-state. Over the last decade, in-state enrollments have declined, with out-of-state enrollments surpassing in-state enrollments in 2020. NSC

Exhibit 9
Class of 2015 postsecondary enrollment & progress (2015-2021). NSC

Published by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS
**Distance Education: WUE & NC-SARA Highlights**

**WUE · Western Undergraduate Exchange**

**NC-SARA · National Council for State Authorization Reciprocity**

**EXHIBIT 10**  
**WUE AY2022-23 Highlights**  
**WICHE.org**

**1,410**  
**$16M**

**Number of Students Enrolled Out-of-State through WUE**  
**Tuition Saved by Students Through WUE (Millions)**

- **UAF**  
  54%

- **UAS**  
  13%

- **UAA**  
  33%

**EXHIBIT 11**

**Distribution of Alaska WUE students to other WUE states:** average number of Alaska students (2017-22) and 2022 totals. The top four states attended in 2022 by Alaska students in the WUE program were **Arizona (#1), Colorado (#2), Montana (#3), & Idaho (#4)**.  
**WICHE.org**

**Top three universities attended by Alaska students (schools with the most Alaska WUE students, AY22-23).**  
**WICHE.org**

1. **Northern Arizona University**  
   176 students

2. **Montana State University Bozeman**  
   111 students

3. **Washington State University**  
   64 students

**EXHIBIT 12**  
**NC-SARA Fall 2021 Highlights**  
**NC-SARA.org**

**Alaska Residents Enrolled Out-of-State Through NC-SARA**

7,910

**TOP STATES RECEIVING ALASKA STUDENTS**

- **Arizona**: 1,078
- **Utah**: 859
- **West Virginia**: 808
- **New Hampshire**: 457
- **Ohio**: 431

**Enrollments from NC-SARA States to Alaska**

745

**TOP STATES SENDING STUDENTS TO ALASKA**

- **Washington**: 110
- **Texas**: 71
- **Oregon**: 46
- **Colorado**: 38
- **Florida**: 35

**Notes**

- **WUE** · Western Undergraduate Exchange
- **NC-SARA** · National Council for State Authorization Reciprocity

**UAF**  
- **Total Out-of-State Students Attending UA through WUE**
  430

**UAS**  
- **UAF Participation at University of Alaska (UA)**
  54%

**UAA**  
- **Total Out-of-State Students Attending UA through WUE**
  33%
ALASKA POSTSECONDARY ENROLLMENT TRENDS

There was a positive change in Alaska first-time freshman enrollments in 2021, but a subsequent enrollment decline at both 2-year and 4-year institutions in 2022 | Exhibit 13. 12-month enrollment totals (undergraduate and graduate enrollments) also declined by 2,900 students at Alaska postsecondary institutions (2022AY) | Exhibit 14-16. A comparison of fall 2020-2022 Alaska enrollments by institution are given in Exhibit 17.

EXHIBIT 13
Percent change of first-time freshmen postsecondary enrollments during 2021 & 2022, 2-year vs. 4-year institutions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Year Institutions</td>
<td>-3%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Year Institutions</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXHIBIT 14
Undergraduate enrollment trend, AY2012-2021 (percent difference from the average). The total number of Alaska undergraduate enrollments in 2021 was 33,200. IPEDS

16,500
FEWER UNDERGRADUATES THAN 10 YEARS AGO

EXHIBIT 15
Graduate enrollment trend, AY2012-2021 (percent difference from the average). The total number of Alaska graduate enrollments in 2021 was 2,600. IPEDS

1,400
FEWER GRADUATES THAN 10 YEARS AGO
Exhibit 16
Total Alaska postsecondary enrollments, AY2012-2021.

Exhibit 17
Fall Enrollments by Institution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Fall 2012</th>
<th>Fall 2019</th>
<th>Fall 2020</th>
<th>Fall 2021</th>
<th>% Change 2019-2021</th>
<th>Trend, 2012-2021</th>
<th>% Difference from Avg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Anchorage (UAA)</td>
<td>12,765</td>
<td>11,950</td>
<td>10,845</td>
<td>-15%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF)</td>
<td>7,180</td>
<td>6,810</td>
<td>6,830</td>
<td>-5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Southeast (UAS)</td>
<td>2,150</td>
<td>2,070</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>-7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Pacific University (APU)</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>555</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Career College</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>-12%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ilisagvik College</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Vocational Technical Center (AVTEC)</td>
<td>630</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>-59%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Christian College</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>-18%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Bible College</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMPLETIONS

Number of completers and graduation rates for first-time, full-time freshmen (within 150% of normal time), by institution are given in Exhibit 18. Net rates of completions by degree type overall remain higher than 5 years ago, with graduation rates having increased 3-7% from 2017-2021 | Exhibit 19.

EXHIBIT 18
First-time, full-time completers and graduation rates at Alaska postsecondary institutions within 150% of normal time, by institution, 2019-21. IPEDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
<th>150% Graduation Rate: 2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
<th>+/- Percentage Points [PT], 2020-21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA ANCHORAGE (UAA)</td>
<td>408</td>
<td>418</td>
<td>408</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>0 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA FAIRBANKS (UAF)</td>
<td>271</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>-1 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALASKA CAREER COLLEGE</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>281</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>-5 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALASKA VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL CENTER (AVTEC)</td>
<td>181</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>96%</td>
<td>92%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>+3 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA SOUTHEAST (UAS)</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>+12 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALASKA PACIFIC UNIVERSITY (APU)</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>-34 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILISAGVIK COLLEGE</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>+10 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALASKA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>-8 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALASKA BIBLE COLLEGE</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>-13 PT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXHIBIT 19
Graduation rates of students by degree/program type, 2017-2021 (completers within 150% of normal time). IPEDS
of all education credentials earned at Alaska postsecondary institutions in 2021 were Bachelor's degrees | Exhibit 20. The top ranked Bachelor’s discipline was 'Business Management, Marketing, & Related Support Services' | Exhibit 21. Women received the majority of awards, surpassed by men only for Doctorate/professional degrees; certificates were the most prolific credential earned by Alaska Native/American Indian Students | Exhibit 22.

### EXHIBIT 20
Number and proportion of degrees and certificates awarded at Alaska postsecondary institutions (2021AY).

- **Bachelor’s**: 40%
- **Associate**: 24%
- **Certificate**: 23%
- **Master’s**: 12%
- **Doctorate/Professional**: 1%

**Total Education Credentials** - 2021

4,517

### EXHIBIT 21
Top 5 disciplines among Bachelor’s degrees awarded (2021AY).

1. **Business Management, Marketing, & Related Support Services**
2. **Health Professions & Related Programs**
3. **Engineering**
4. **Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies**
5. **Psychology**

### EXHIBIT 22


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Award Type</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
<td>40% M</td>
<td>60% F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate</td>
<td>35% M</td>
<td>65% F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s</td>
<td>40% M</td>
<td>60% F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master’s</td>
<td>35% M</td>
<td>65% F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctorate/Professional</td>
<td>55% M</td>
<td>45% F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### b. Credentials awarded to Alaska Native/American Indian Students (2021AY): proportion (of each award type) and number of students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Award Type</th>
<th>Proportion (Number of Students)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
<td>15% (150)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master’s</td>
<td>5% (30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate</td>
<td>11% (113)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctorate/Professional</td>
<td>6% (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s</td>
<td>5% (92)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEARLY 3 IN 10 ALASKANS HAVE SOME COLLEGE BUT NO DEGREE

2 IN 10 ALASKANS HAVE A BACHELOR’S DEGREE

LESS THAN 1 IN 10 ALASKANS HAVE AN ASSOCIATES DEGREE

1 IN 10 ALASKANS HAVE A GRADUATE DEGREE

EXHIBIT 23

Education attainment of Alaska residents 25 years & older (ACS 1-year surveys 2018 & 2021): (a) All Alaskans, (b) by gender, (c) by ethnicity.

US Census Bureau - American Community Survey (ACS)


ALL ALASKANS (25+ YR)

ACS 2021

Change from 2018:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Some College, No Degree</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>-2 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Degree</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>-1 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s Degree</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>+2 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Degree</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>0 PT</td>
</tr>
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</table>

C GENDER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Change from 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Some College, No Degree</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>-2 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Degree</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>0 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s Degree</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>+8 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Degree</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>+2 PT</td>
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ETHNICITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>AK Native</th>
<th>Change from 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Some College, No Degree</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>-1 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Degree</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>0 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s Degree</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>+16 PT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Degree</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>0 PT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Certificates

ALL ALASKANS (25+ YR):

16% - 2022
16% - 2018

ALASKA NATIVES:

25% - 2022
29% - 2018

NATIVE ALASKANS HOLD NEARLY DOUBLE the certificates the general Alaska population hold

65BY2025.ORG/METRICS
**ECONOMIC IMPACT**

**EXHIBIT 24**

**JOB OPENINGS & WAGES**: projected job openings (2020-2030) and average annual wages in the Alaska workforce, by educational attainment. *Alaska DOLWD*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level of Education</th>
<th>Average Annual Wages ($)</th>
<th>Projected Job Openings (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>No Formal Credential</em></td>
<td>$36,100</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>High School Diploma/GED</em></td>
<td>$53,800</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some College</td>
<td>$46,700</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate/Other Non-Degree</td>
<td>$57,600</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate</td>
<td>$71,400</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s</td>
<td>$90,700</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master’s</td>
<td>$87,300</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctorate/Professional</td>
<td>$152,900</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Many of the high school diploma/GED and no formal credential categories include jobs requiring apprenticeships or other vocational training.

**EXHIBIT 25**

**MEDIAN EARNINGS** of students 10 years after first enrollment who received federal financial aid, by institution. *CollegeScorecard*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Median Earnings ($)</th>
<th>Rank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ilisagvik College</td>
<td>$48,200</td>
<td>#1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Anchorage (UAA)</td>
<td>$47,900</td>
<td>#2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Pacific University (APU)</td>
<td>$47,300</td>
<td>#3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF)</td>
<td>$43,700</td>
<td>#4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alaska Southeast (UAS)</td>
<td>$40,700</td>
<td>#5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Vocational Technical Center (AVTEC)</td>
<td>$36,200</td>
<td>#6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Career College</td>
<td>$31,900</td>
<td>#7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**HIGHER EDUCATION**

**NATIONAL CONTEXT**

---

**HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE ENROLLMENTS**

Alaska vs. National Position
Metric Highlights, Class of 2021
*Exhibits 26-30*

---

**Exhibit 26**

**MEN VS. WOMEN**

High school graduate postsecondary enrollments.
*IPEDS, NSC*

**Alaska**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>M</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**National**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>M</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Exhibit 27**

**FULL-TIME VS. PART-TIME**

High school graduate postsecondary enrollments.
*IPEDS, NSC*

4 OUT OF 5 ALASKA GRADUATES ATTEND POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL PART-TIME.

**Alaska**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Full-time</th>
<th>Part-time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**National**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Full-time</th>
<th>Part-time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>45%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Exhibit 28**

**RACE/ETHNICITY BREAKDOWN**

of high school graduate postsecondary enrollments.
*IPEDS, NSC*

**Alaska**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>% of Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic, Latino</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, African American</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian, Pacific Islander</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**National**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>% of Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, African American</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic, Latino</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*National stats combine Alaska Native & American Indian Categories

**NOTE:** Due to rounding & exclusion of non-resident alien/unknown categories, totals do not equal 100%
Financial Aid & Student Outcomes
Alaska Postsecondary Institution Profiles
Data Notes

National Context

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National</th>
<th>FTE Enrollments, FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>States with Populations Under 1 Million</td>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>990,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>886,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>779,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>753,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>643,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>576,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 29

Alaska has the LOWEST number of full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollments when compared to states with similar populations (less than 1 million residents). Alaska FTE enrollments are 6,000-22,000 LESS than all other states with comparable populations. ACS, SHEEO-SHEF

Exhibit 30

Alaska's college acceptance rates is 72%, ranking 38th in the US. The National average is 73%.

UnivStats

Similarly ranked states (to AK): Missouri (72%) & Oklahoma (71%)
**Education Attainment Rates**

Education attainment rates for Alaska residents vs. national averages and the highest/lowest ranked states.

**EXHIBIT 31**

Education attainment rates, 2021. ACS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Attainment Rates</th>
<th>1st/50th State</th>
<th>National Average</th>
<th>Alaska Rate (Rank)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOME COLLEGE, NO DEGREE</td>
<td>14% Massachusetts (24% (4th))</td>
<td>24% (4th)</td>
<td>25% Utah (19%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASSOCIATE DEGREE</td>
<td>8% (33rd) Louisiana (15%)</td>
<td>7% (33rd)</td>
<td>15% North Dakota (9%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BACHELOR’S DEGREE</td>
<td>14% West Virginia (21% (26th))</td>
<td>21% (26th)</td>
<td>27% Colorado (21%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRADUATE/PROFESSIONAL DEGREE</td>
<td>9% (31st) Mississippi (14%)</td>
<td>9% (31st)</td>
<td>21% Massachusetts (14%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Postsecondary Graduation Rates**

Alaska’s 4-year postsecondary graduation rate ranked **last** in the US at 33% | Exhibit 32.

Conversely, Alaska’s 2-year postsecondary graduation rate ranked **2nd** | Exhibit 33.

**EXHIBIT 32**

Postsecondary graduation rates within 150% of normal time at 4-year postsecondary institutions (6-year IPEDS graduation rates), cohort 2015. Alaska’s graduation rate increased from cohorts 2013 and 2014. NCES

- **ALASKA** 50th State 33%
- **MASSACHUSETTS** 1st State 75%
- **National Average** 61%
- **NEVADA** 49th State 45%

**COHORT 2015**

**SIMILARLY RANKED STATES:**
- Georgia (46% | 48th)
- New Mexico (46% | 47th)

**EXHIBIT 33**

Postsecondary graduation rate within 150% of normal time at 2-year postsecondary institutions (3-year IPEDS graduation rates), cohort 2018. Alaska’s graduation rate decreased from cohorts 2016 and 2017. NCES

- **ALASKA** 2nd State 69%
- **DELAWARE** 1st State 69%
- **National Average** 36%
- **MASSACHUSETTS** 50th State 21%

**COHORT 2018**

**SIMILARLY RANKED STATES:**
- South Dakota (66% | 3rd)
- Nevada (62% | 4th)
### Table 2: National Context

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>FTE Enrollment FY2021</th>
<th>Average Tuition &amp; Fees 2020-21</th>
<th>Student Cost FY2021</th>
<th>Average Debt of College Grads ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>10,600,381</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>National</strong></td>
<td>$9,375</td>
<td>$3,501</td>
<td>$9,327</td>
<td>$37,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALASKA</strong></td>
<td>13,739</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$17,497</td>
<td>$26,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>292,192</td>
<td>$11,410</td>
<td>$6,194</td>
<td>$24,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>105,044</td>
<td>$8,486</td>
<td>$8,886</td>
<td>$27,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>1,608,718</td>
<td>$8,401</td>
<td>$9,859</td>
<td>$21,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>179,876</td>
<td>$8,269</td>
<td>$5,462</td>
<td>$26,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>74,538</td>
<td>$14,487</td>
<td>$11,287</td>
<td>$35,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>36,409</td>
<td>$11,343</td>
<td>$6,984</td>
<td>$39,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>595,444</td>
<td>$4,541</td>
<td>$8,323</td>
<td>$24,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>356,921</td>
<td>$7,525</td>
<td>$9,844</td>
<td>$27,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>34,151</td>
<td>$10,197</td>
<td>$13,881</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>53,699</td>
<td>$7,482</td>
<td>$6,911</td>
<td>$28,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>305,508</td>
<td>$14,579</td>
<td>$10,613</td>
<td>$29,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>237,621</td>
<td>$9,656</td>
<td>$6,408</td>
<td>$29,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>118,991</td>
<td>$9,373</td>
<td>$6,115</td>
<td>$29,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>123,169</td>
<td>$9,081</td>
<td>$8,680</td>
<td>$26,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>137,574</td>
<td>$10,976</td>
<td>$7,931</td>
<td>$28,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>163,735</td>
<td>$9,642</td>
<td>$6,209</td>
<td>$26,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>32,862</td>
<td>$10,377</td>
<td>$8,724</td>
<td>$32,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>213,324</td>
<td>$9,401</td>
<td>$9,050</td>
<td>$30,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>145,913</td>
<td>$13,939</td>
<td>$9,611</td>
<td>$33,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>343,596</td>
<td>$13,716</td>
<td>$8,197</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>171,312</td>
<td>$11,836</td>
<td>$11,759</td>
<td>$32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>121,550</td>
<td>$8,642</td>
<td>$8,161</td>
<td>$29,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>156,493</td>
<td>$9,310</td>
<td>$9,042</td>
<td>$28,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>33,459</td>
<td>$6,993</td>
<td>$7,646</td>
<td>$27,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>72,564</td>
<td>$8,761</td>
<td>$11,113</td>
<td>$26,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>75,873</td>
<td>$6,434</td>
<td>$6,490</td>
<td>$21,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>32,348</td>
<td>$16,749</td>
<td>$4,370</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>252,098</td>
<td>$14,184</td>
<td>$7,753</td>
<td>$35,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>65,855</td>
<td>$7,293</td>
<td>$15,134</td>
<td>$20,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>494,065</td>
<td>$8,416</td>
<td>$12,428</td>
<td>$31,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>392,374</td>
<td>$7,260</td>
<td>$11,080</td>
<td>$29,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>31,900</td>
<td>$9,065</td>
<td>$9,133</td>
<td>$32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>374,222</td>
<td>$10,049</td>
<td>$7,567</td>
<td>$30,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>123,954</td>
<td>$8,064</td>
<td>$5,838</td>
<td>$27,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>123,767</td>
<td>$11,537</td>
<td>$7,395</td>
<td>$26,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>309,837</td>
<td>$14,532</td>
<td>$6,097</td>
<td>$39,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>31,426</td>
<td>$13,697</td>
<td>$8,137</td>
<td>$36,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>164,276</td>
<td>$12,544</td>
<td>$7,624</td>
<td>$32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>31,957</td>
<td>$9,012</td>
<td>$7,665</td>
<td>$32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>178,618</td>
<td>$10,271</td>
<td>$11,412</td>
<td>$26,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>1,044,747</td>
<td>$8,016</td>
<td>$9,039</td>
<td>$26,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>129,310</td>
<td>$6,764</td>
<td>$8,717</td>
<td>$18,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>19,509</td>
<td>$17,933</td>
<td>$7,370</td>
<td>$34,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>298,964</td>
<td>$13,531</td>
<td>$7,215</td>
<td>$29,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>214,302</td>
<td>$7,485</td>
<td>$10,296</td>
<td>$24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>62,038</td>
<td>$8,252</td>
<td>$6,309</td>
<td>$29,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>198,362</td>
<td>$8,782</td>
<td>$9,107</td>
<td>$30,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>20,947</td>
<td>$4,785</td>
<td>$26,393</td>
<td>$23,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**EXHIBIT 34**
Student's Share of Cost
(Net Tuition as % of Revenues, 2021)

- **Alaska** 23%
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Florida
  - Hawaii
  - Wyoming: 11% ▲ #1
  - Delaware: 71% ▼ #50

**EXHIBIT 35**
Appropriations per FTE Student (2020-21)

- **Alaska** $17,500
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Illinois
  - New Mexico
  - Wyoming: $26,390 ▲ #1
  - New Hampshire: $4,370 ▼ #50

**EXHIBIT 36**
Percent Change in FTE Enrollment
(1-Year, 2020-21)*

- **Alaska** -9%
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Arizona
  - Connecticut
  - Delaware: +2% ▲ #1
  - Alaska: -9% ▼ #50

**EXHIBIT 37**
Income Inequality (Gini Index 2021)
Gini coefficient range: 0-1 (perfect equality - perfect inequality)

- **Alaska** 0.439
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Utah
  - Wisconsin
  - New Hampshire: 0.435 ▲ #1
  - New York: 0.514 ▼ #50

**EXHIBIT 38**
Median Household Income
(ACS 2020 Experimental Data)

- **Alaska** $77,845
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Utah
  - Minnesota
  - Maryland: $90,200 ▲ #1
  - Mississippi: $48,715 ▼ #50

**EXHIBIT 39**
Cost of living
(2020 Regional Price Parties, US = 100)

- **Alaska** 104
- **Similar Ranked States:**
  - Maryland
  - Oregon
  - Mississippi: 87 ▲ #1
  - Hawaii: 113 ▼ #50

*Alaska was among the 92% of states with a negative FTE (Delaware, Utah, Illinois, & South Dakota were the only states with either positive or neutral FTE.)
Exhibit 40
Alaska vs. National Poverty Rates, 2021

Alaska vs. national poverty rates by education attainment (2021). Alaska poverty rates have remained the same over the past two years, while national poverty rates have increased to levels similar to Alaska. US Census Bureau (ACS)

Alaskans with a Bachelor’s degree are 6x less likely to be impoverished.

Exhibit 41
Low-income College Participation

2020

Only 1 in 10 low-income Alaskans participate in college.

Exhibit 42
Average Tuition & Fees

Public 4-Year, 2019-20

Exhibit 43
College Graduates with Debt

Class of 2020

National Average: 55%

Alaska Average: 47%

Half of AK college graduates have debt.

Pell Institute

NCES

The Institute for College Access & Success, College Board
**Financial Aid & Student Outcomes**

### Federal Aid Programs

**Pell Grant**
Primarily designed to support undergraduate students, the federal Pell Grant program awards aid to students with exceptional financial need. Award amounts change yearly and are determined based on need, cost of attendance, and enrollment type; for the 2022-2023 award year, the maximum Pell Grant award was **$6,195**.

**Work-study Jobs**
The federal work-study program provides part-time work for undergraduate and graduate students with financial need during their time enrolled in school.

**Subsidized & Unsubsidized Loans**
These federal loan programs support students at colleges, universities, community colleges, and career or technical schools. Subsidized loans are for undergraduate students with financial need, and unsubsidized loans are for either undergraduates or graduate students and do not require the student to demonstrate financial need.

**PLUS Loans**
The PLUS loan program supports eligible parents and graduate or professional students to cover costs at participating postsecondary institutions.

### State Aid Programs

**Alaska Performance Scholarship (APS)**
The Alaska Performance Scholarship (APS) provides an opportunity for Alaska high school graduates to earn up to **$4,755** per year towards their postsecondary education costs. Alaska residents graduating from an Alaska high school earn the scholarship by taking rigorous curriculum, getting good grades, and scoring well on qualifying college placement or work-ready exams. Recipients can use the scholarship at eligible Alaska institutions for up to four years of study.

**Alaska Education Grant (AEG)**
The Alaska Education Grant (AEG) provides needs-based financial assistance to Alaska students attending qualifying postsecondary educational institutions in Alaska. Grant awards range from **$500 to $4,000 per academic year**. Awards are prioritized based on financial need, continuing full-time enrollment, and application date for the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA).

**Alaska Supplemental Education Loan (ASEL)**
The Alaska Supplemental Education Loan (ASEL) provides low-cost loans to Alaska students.
college or career training students. Students must be enrolled at least half-time to defer payments on the Alaska Supplemental Education Loan.

**Family Education Loan (FEL)**

The Family Education Loan (FEL) is a low-cost state loan option for family members supporting a student’s postsecondary education. Parents, spouses, and grandparents can take out a loan on behalf of the student.

**Alaska Refinance Loan (REFI)**

The Alaska Refinance Loan (REFI) is a state loan option for Alaska residents to reduce costs for repaying their student loan debt from any lender, including federal and private loans.

**UA Scholars**

The UA Scholars award is a $12,000 scholarship provided to the top ten percent of all graduating seniors from Alaska high schools and can be used at any of the University of Alaska (UA) campuses. It provides an incentive for Alaska’s middle and high school students to achieve academic excellence, and it is designed to nourish efforts of schools to provide high quality education and encourage top Alaska high school graduates to attend UA. The UA Scholars Program is administered by the University of Alaska and is funded through its Land Grant Endowment.
Financial Aid Highlight:

ACPE loans have OVER TWICE the approval rate of other private for-profit loans: 4

![Comparison of ACPE and other private for-profit lenders](chart)

Alaska students pay more with other private lenders than with ACPE: 1

$8,200 - $14,200 MORE FOR FIXED RATE PRIVATE LOANS.

### Lender Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lender Rates</th>
<th>LOWEST Fixed Rate APR</th>
<th>HIGHEST Fixed Rate APR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACPE</td>
<td>5.25%</td>
<td>8.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALLIE MAE</td>
<td>4.50%</td>
<td>14.83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISCOVER</td>
<td>5.49%</td>
<td>14.99%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.66% AVERAGE NATIONAL PRIVATE FIXED-RATE LOAN

### ACPE (Alaska State) Student Loans

Nationally, the financial hurdles students need to overcome to attend postsecondary education continue to increase, with the Class of 2020 taking on more private student loan debt than previous years. 2

PRIVATE STUDENT LOANS REPRESENT:

8% OF ALL STUDENT DEBT $131 BILLION WORTH NATIONWIDE

CLASS OF 2020

Students who need to borrow private loans to bridge the gap in education funding past federal aid limits save $8,000-$14,000 with Alaska state loans through ACPE than with other private lenders. In turn, ACPE’s loan program helps build a stronger Alaskan economy by supporting students’ educational needs in response to Alaska’s workforce needs.

When compared with federal loans, private loans are criticized for lacking repayment options and adequate protections for borrowers. 3 ACPE student loans differ from these other for-profit private loan lenders, with ACPE loans sharing common features with Federal loans such as:

1. No teaser rates
2. Fixed rates
3. No fees or hidden charges
4. Enrollment verification with institutions to ensure students are not over-borrowing.

ACPE, a non-profit state agency, prides itself on responsible operations, with internal checks-and-balances to educate students and families on borrowing best-practices while still providing a competitive product.

ACPE SERVES 225,000+

ALASKANS IN OUTREACH ABOUT POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION RESOURCES & OPTIONS (per year)

In ACPE’s continuing efforts to be responsive to our students’ financial needs in pursuing postsecondary education goals, the State of Alaska and Alaska Student Loan Corporation (ASLC) approved two key regulation changes:

1. Higher Loan Limits for ACPE’s ASEL and FEL loans (effective starting 2023-24 school year) | Exhibit 45
2. Simplified Enrollment Requirements to allow flexibility and growth of students’ postsecondary education paths (combined undergraduate and graduate maximum loan limits and removed distinction between...
ACPE Grants & Scholarships

Nationally, $12 billion per year is invested through financial aid programs to support 4.5 million students. Alaska’s two largest financial aid programs — the Alaska Education Grant (AEG) and the Alaska Performance Scholarship (APS) — are administered by ACPE.

AEG is Alaska’s primary needs-based grant program and APS is the primary merit-based program. Both AEG and APS require students to complete the FAFSA.

At $2,000, Alaska ranks 14th in the US for the average amount of need-based grants and scholarships available per student | Exhibit 46.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount (in $)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>$5,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>$2,020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>$45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 46: Average amount of need-based aid available per student.

WHAT IS THE FAFSA?

As the first step in the financial aid process, FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid) is the application students need to complete to gain access to the largest education funding source in the US — Federal Student Aid (FSA).

Overseen by the US Department of Education, FSA provides more than $100 billion in student financial aid in the form of grants, work-study, and loans annually.

Students pursuing postsecondary education need to complete the FAFSA each year they plan to attend postsecondary to access funding sources available through FSA.

ON AVERAGE, IT TAKES STUDENTS LESS THAN AN HOUR TO COMPLETE THE FAFSA FOR THE FIRST TIME AND LESS THAN 30 MINUTES EACH YEAR TO RENEW.
Why is FAFSA Completion Important?

1. FAFSA completion is strongly associated with postsecondary enrollment.

Seniors who complete the FAFSA are 1.8x (nearly double, 92% vs. 51%) more likely to enroll in postsecondary education by the fall following their high school graduation than those that did not complete the FAFSA.

National College Attainment Network (NCAN, FCAN)

2. Primary reasons students fail to complete the FAFSA:

1. Believing the application is too complicated,
2. Thinking they are not eligible for aid, and
3. Not even knowing this form of financial aid exists.

Florida College Access Network (FCAN)

3. FAFSA is not only for Federal loans!

By submitting the FAFSA, students also gain access to: Pell Grant, Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant, Teach Grant, Work-Study, State Aid (Alaska Education Grant (AEG) & Alaska Performance Scholarship (APS)), Institutional/Campus-based aid, & Private & Public Scholarships.

EXHIBIT 47

When compared to states with similar populations of high school graduates, Alaska had the lowest FAFSA completion rate (50th nationally), with only 3 in 10 class of 2022 high school graduates completing a FAFSA application in the 2022-23 FAFSA Cycle.

Alaska had a 4% decrease in year-over-year completions, the largest decline in the US.

NCAN, FCAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High School Graduates (Number/Rank)</th>
<th>FAFSA Completions (Rates/Rank)</th>
<th>% Change in Completions Year-Over-Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delaware 10,800 44TH</td>
<td>68% 4TH</td>
<td>+5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota 10,000 45TH</td>
<td>55% 27TH</td>
<td>+1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana 9,900 46TH</td>
<td>49% 41ST</td>
<td>+5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska 8,000 47TH</td>
<td>33% 50TH</td>
<td>-4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota 7,600 48TH</td>
<td>54% 27TH</td>
<td>+1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont 6,400 49TH</td>
<td>52% 34TH</td>
<td>-2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming 5,800 50TH</td>
<td>51% 35TH</td>
<td>-3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$6.78 MILLION IN PELL GRANT MONEY LEFT UNCLAIMED BY ALASKA’S HIGH SCHOOL CLASS OF 2022 BY NOT COMPLETING THE FAFSA.

National College Attainment Network

EXHIBIT 48

Of the 33% of Alaska’s class of 2022 high school graduates that completed the FAFSA, 31% were eligible for the Pell grant. Compared to states with similar FAFSA completion rates, Alaska’s Pell eligibility ranks last (48th nationally).

NCAN, FCAN

31% Alaska Pell Eligibility Rate

34%-51% Pell eligibility rate of states with similar FAFSA completion rates to Alaska

PELL ELIGIBILITY:
Colorado (36%)
Idaho (40%)
Arizona (51%)
Washington (37%)
Utah (34%)

$15,650 IN POTENTIAL EARNING FOR ONE HOUR OF WORK COMPLETING THE FAFSA – A GREAT RETURN ON INVESTMENT!

$4,755 APS
$4,000 AEG
$6,895 PELL GRANTS
$15,650 PER YEAR LOST by not completing the FAFSA

NOTE: Potential earnings listed above are based on maximum award amounts.
ACPE’s Alaska FAFSA Completion Initiative & FAFSA Completion Resources

Through a multi-faceted approach, ACPE connects Alaskans — students, families, schools, counselors, etc. — with resources and information necessary to make informed decisions about postsecondary education planning and financing. The Alaska FAFSA Completion Initiative (AFCI), launched by ACPE, seeks to increase Alaska’s FAFSA completion rates by collaborating with education stakeholders across the state. This initiative involves educating and training Stakeholders on how to promote and support students through the FAFSA process.

The AFCI homepage gives Alaskans information and access to the following FAFSA completion resources:

acpe.alaska.gov/alaskafafsacompletion

1. ACPE’s Master the FAFSA Training
   - Empowering education stakeholders and providing them with the knowledge and understanding of the FAFSA process so they can independently assist their students and families with successful FAFSA completion.

2. One-on-one FAFSA Completion Appointments
   - Schedule appointments with ACPE Success Center staff for assistance with FAFSA completion; postsecondary application and scholarship research; and more. Appointments are made using the virtual Youcanbook.me Appointment Scheduler.

3. Online Resource Library
   - ACPE materials are all available for download and/or mailing on the Success Center website. Some of these materials include: FAFSA Quick-Sheet; info cards on APS, AEG, Education Loans, and student ASAP account; $mart $avings Guide.

4. Funding Your Future (FYF) Presentations
   - FYF is a preparatory presentation which includes topics such as: what financial aid is, how it works, and how to apply; how to create an FSAID (required before filling out the FAFSA); grants, scholarships, and loans; and much more.

5. FAFSA Wednesdays Series
   - Every Wednesday from 3pm to 6pm ACPE offers assistance via Zoom to students and families who need to create their FSAID or are ready to complete the FAFSA (with all documentation in order and FSAID).

6. FAFSA Time Alaska (FTA) events
   - ACPE provides schools and community organizations with free resources and information (handouts, materials, etc.) to host FAFSA completion events or sessions for students and families.

7. Presentations & Events
   - ACPE staff attend virtual and in-person FAFSA/financial aid and college & career fairs across Alaska. During these events staff deliver presentations, provide materials, and schedule follow-up appointments.
ALASKA PERFORMANCE SCHOLARSHIP (APS) HIGHLIGHTS:

The APS promotes high school achievement, allows greater access to postsecondary education, & helps retain students in Alaska.

**EXHIBIT 49**
APS Award Year Breakdown, Fall 2022

- **17%**
  - Of the Class of 2022 were eligible for the APS

- **22%**
  - Of those eligible for the APS in Class of 2022 were awarded the scholarship by enrolling in an Alaska postsecondary institution

**ALASKA NATIVES:**

- **19%**
  - Percent of All 2022 Graduates
- **7%**
  - Percent of All APS-Eligible Graduates
- **4%**
  - Percent of All APS Recipients

**$105 MILLION**

HAS BEEN AWARDED SINCE 2011 TO NEARLY **12,000** HIGH ACHIEVING STUDENTS.

**EXHIBIT 50**
Former APS Recipients, Student Survey (2022)

- **90%**
  - The APS is recommended to current high school students by 9 out of 10 survey respondents
- **70%**
  - The APS influences a student’s decision to attend school in-state
- **61%**
  - The APS influences a student’s decision to take out loans & how much to borrow

**APS Program Qualification Requirements**

To be eligible for the APS, students must:

1. Obtain a grade point average of 2.5 or greater
2. Complete the required high school curriculum
3. Meet required testing scores: **SAT (at least 1060), ACT (21), WorkKeys (13)**
EXHIBIT 51
Postsecondary Outcomes of APS Recipients

APS Recipients are more prepared for higher education

Only 5% of APS recipients require developmental coursework, compared with nearly 30% of non-recipients.

APS recipients have higher retention rates

1.4 times more likely for APS recipients to persist into their 2nd year compared to other first-time freshmen.

APS recipients have higher completion rates

2.2 times more likely for APS recipients to graduate from a bachelor’s degree program than other first-time freshmen.

APS recipients attempt & complete more credit hours

1.3 times more attempted credit hours are completed by APS students than other first-time freshmen.

EXHIBIT 52
Alaska Residency

APS recipients have higher residency rates, most notably

2-8 years after graduation

Difference between APS recipients & ineligible student residency rates

EXHIBIT 53
Alaska Employment & Wages

Percent employment in Alaska & average annual wages (Class of 2015).

APS recipients have higher wages, average annual wages:

APS Recipients: $32,300

APS Eligible, No Award: $30,200

APS Ineligible: $27,000

9% higher employment

$4,000 higher wages

70% of APS recipients have employed 2-8 years after graduation.

61% of APS recipients have higher wages 2-8 years after graduation.

43% of APS recipients have higher employment 2-8 years after graduation.
The APS has helped retain educated & skilled Alaskans as contributors to the Alaskan economy for over a decade. Despite the award’s benefits, APS usage has declined. This decline prompted ACPE to connect with Alaska's APS-eligible and ineligible high school graduates to IDENTITY APS BARRIERS & THE SOLUTIONS needed to make APS relevant for future Alaskans.

ACPE supports ongoing efforts to remove existing barriers in order to increase access & use of the APS. Specific recommendations to address these barriers are outlined in the Recommendations Report at:

acpe.alaska.gov/Portals/3/APS/Pubs/ACPE_APS_Program_Review_and_Recs_2021.pdf
The amount of students eligible for the AEG exceeds the amount of grant funding available each year. Below is the selection criteria used to prioritize award disbursements to students with the highest financial need. This criteria also identifies actions eligible students can take to increase likelihood of receiving an award:

1. Student’s financial need, from the student’s Expected Family Contribution (EFC) estimate calculated from the FAFSA
2. Status as AEG recipient in the previous academic year
3. Student’s enrollment intensity that term, with full-time students prioritized over part-time students
4. FAFSA filing date, beginning with the earliest date

Exhibit 55
Former AEG Recipients

Over half of former AEG recipients said the grant influenced the number of hours needed to work while attending school.

3 out of 5
former AEG recipients said the grant had a role in their ability to graduate for those who reported they had graduated with a credential.

Exhibit 56
AEG Recipients at University of Alaska (UA)

$3,515
Average total aid received by AEG recipients attending UA (includes grants, loans, scholarships, & other aid types).

14%
Proportion of credentials (degrees, certificates, & endorsements) that went to Alaska Native/American Indian students at UA.

23%
Proportion of credentials that went to Alaska Native/American Indian AEG recipients at UA.

University of Alaska Fairbanks

1. Elementary Education
2. Business Administration
3. Psychology

University of Alaska Anchorage

1. Psychology
2. General Program
3. Accounting

University of Alaska Southeast

1. Business Administration
2. Elementary Education
3. General Program

Nearly 29,000 Alaska students with financial need have received $61 million since 2006
ALASKA POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTIONS

EXHIBIT 57
School Profiles

ALASKA BIBLE COLLEGE

PALMER
Certificates · Associate · Bachelor’s
akbible.edu

DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN FALL 2021

GENDER
men 64%
women 36%

RACE/ETHNICITY
Alaska Native/ American Indian 0%
Asian 2%
Black/ African American 2%
Hispanic/Latino 2%
Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander 0%
White 91%
Two or More 2%
Unknown 0%

AGE
25 yrs 27%
>24 yrs 73%

44 ENROLLMENT (FALL 2021)
100% | 0% Undergraduate | Graduate
55% | 45% Full-Time | Part-Time
0% With Some Distance Education
0% Nonresident

$10,900 TUITION & FEES (AY2022)
75% (AVG $9,485) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
48% (AVG $5,046) Pell Grant
23% (AVG $3,963) Alaska Performance Scholarship
35% (AVG $2,214) Alaska Education Grant
18% (AVG $6,151) Federal Student Loans
0% (AVG $0) Alaska State Education Loans

TOP PROGRAMS
Bachelor’s Awarded AY2021
◆ Theology & Religious Vocations - 4

NOTE: "·" denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.
### Alaska Career College

#### Anchorage
Certificates - Associate
alaskacareercollege.edu

#### Demographic Breakdown
- **Gender**: 
  - Men: 13%
  - Women: 87%
- **Race/Ethnicity**: 
  - Alaska Native/American Indian: 19%
  - Asian: 22%
  - Black/African American: 9%
  - Hispanic/Latino: 9%
  - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 1%
  - White: 32%
  - Two or More: 5%
  - Unknown: 3%
- **Age**: 
  - 25 yrs or more: 62%
  - 24 yrs or more: 38%

#### Enrollment (Fall 2021)
- 100% Undergraduate | Graduate
- 100% Full-Time | Part-Time
- 0% With Some Distance Education
- 0% Nonresident

#### Tuition & Fees (AY2021)
- $16,270
- 69% (AVG $6,479) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- 67% Men
- 86% White
- 75% Women
- 57% Alaska Native
- 3% (AVG $2,972) Pell Grant Recipients
- 48% (AVG $2,506) Alaska Performance Scholarship
- 62% (AVG $6,276) Alaska Education Grant
- 64% (AVG $5,325) Undergraduates Receive Grant Aid
- 69% (AVG $6,479) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- 313% (AVG $17,069) Undergraduates Receive Grant Aid
- 62% (AVG $6,276) Alaska Education Grant
- 0% With Some Distance Education
- 0% Nonresident

#### Top Programs
- Certificates Awarded
  - Health Professions & Related Programs - 205
  - Business Management Marketing & Related Support Services - 3

#### Total Awards AY2021
- 208 Certificate Below Bachelor’s
  - Associate
  - Bachelor’s
  - Master’s
  - Doctorate/Professional Degree

### Alaska Christian College

#### Soldotna
Associate
alaskacc.edu

#### Demographic Breakdown
- **Gender**: 
  - Men: 42%
  - Women: 58%
- **Race/Ethnicity**: 
  - Alaska Native/American Indian: 88%
  - Asian: 0%
  - Black/African American: 0%
  - Hispanic/Latino: 1%
  - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 1%
  - White: 4%
  - Two or More: 5%
  - Unknown: 0%
- **Age**: 
  - 25 yrs or more: 9%
  - 24 yrs or more: 91%

#### Enrollment (Fall 2021)
- 100% Undergraduate | Graduate
- 91% Full-Time | Part-Time
- 8% With Some Distance Education
- 0% Nonresident

#### Tuition & Fees (AY2022)
- $8,414
- 97% (AVG $17,069) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- 82% (AVG $5,182) Pell Grant Recipients
- 9% (AVG $3,046) Alaska Performance Scholarship
- 0% (AVG $0) Federal Student Loans
- 75% (AVG $2,697) Alaska Education Grant
- 4% (AVG $7,236) Federal Student Loans
- 0% With Some Distance Education
- 0% Nonresident

#### Top Programs
- Associates Awarded
  - Liberal Arts & Sciences; General Studies; & Humanities - 5
  - Theology & Religious Vocations - 4
  - Health Professions & Related Programs - 2

#### Total Awards AY2021
- 208 Certificate Below Bachelor’s
  - Associate
  - Bachelor’s
  - Master’s
  - Doctorate/Professional Degree

#### NOTE: ** denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.
**ACPE & The Commission**

Higher Ed: Alaska Context

Higher Ed: National Context

Published by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS

NOTE: *·* denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.

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### Graduation Rates within 150% of Normal Time, First-Time, Full-Time, Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates (2015 Cohort):

- **ACPE & The Commission**
- **Published by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education**

---

#### ALASKA PACIFIC UNIVERSITY (APU)

**Enrollment (Fall 2021)**

- **554**
- **68%** Undergraduate | **32%** Graduate
- **62%** Full-Time | **38%** Part-Time
- **50%** With Some Distance Education | **50%** Nonresident

**Tuition & Fees (AY2022)**

- $20,760
- 87% (AVG $15,394) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- 41% (AVG $4,939) Pell Grant
- 12% (AVG $3,598) Alaska Performance Scholarship
- 27% (AVG $2,768) Alaska Education Grant
- 45% (AVG $7,489) Federal Student Loans
- 4% (AVG $10,309) Alaska State Education Loans

**Total Awards AY2021**

- 90
- Certificate Below Bachelor’s
- 19 Certificate Above Bachelor’s
- 52 Bachelor’s
- 57 Master’s
- 1 Doctorate/Professional Degree

---

#### ALASKA VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL CENTER (AVTEC)

**Enrollment (Fall 2021)**

- **259**
- **100%** Undergraduate | **0%** Graduate
- **32%** Full-Time | **68%** Part-Time
- **0%** With Some Distance Education | **0%** Nonresident

**Tuition & Fees (AY2022)**

- $4,572
- 7% (AVG $6,280) Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- 5% (AVG $5,176) Pell Grant
- 11% (AVG $2,913) Alaska Performance Scholarship
- 5% (AVG $1,900) Alaska Education Grant
- 1% (AVG $7,848) Federal Student Loans
- 2% (AVG $7,182) Alaska State Education Loans

**Total Awards AY2021**

- 90
- Certificate Below Bachelor’s
- 19 Certificate Above Bachelor’s
- 52 Bachelor’s
- 1 Doctorate/Professional Degree

---

Published by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS

NOTE: *·* denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.
### Central Texas College (AK)

- **Location:** Fort Wainwright, Fort Richardson (Elmendorf AFB)
- **Programs:** Certificates - Associate
- **Website:** cted.edu

#### Demographic Breakdown Fall 2020*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Native/American Indian</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/African American</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>25+ yrs</th>
<th>24 yrs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>54%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Tuition & Fees (AY2022)

- $15,000
- Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- Pell Grant
- Alaska Performance Scholarship
- Alaska Education Grant
- Federal Student Loans
- Alaska State Education Loans

#### Total Awards AY2021

- 51 Certificate Below Bachelor’s
- 51 Associate

**NOTE:** "·" denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.

### Charter College (AK)

- **Location:** Anchorage, Wasilla
- **Programs:** Certificates - Associate - Bachelor's
- **Website:** chartercollege.edu

#### Demographic Breakdown Fall 2020*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Native/American Indian</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/African American</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>25+ yrs</th>
<th>24 yrs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>71%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Tuition & Fees (AY2022)

- $18,357
- Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid
- Pell Grant
- Alaska Performance Scholarship
- Alaska Education Grant
- Federal Student Loans
- Alaska State Education Loans

#### Total Awards AY2021

- 149 Certificate Below Bachelor’s
- 104 Associate
- 8 Bachelor’s
  - Master’s
  - Doctorate/Professional Degree

**NOTE:** As of 2/28/2023, Central Texas College no longer operates in Alaska. Profile is provided for historical knowledge.
Graduation Rates within 150% of Normal Time, First-Time, Full-Time, Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates (2015 Cohort): 43% Men | 50% Women | 0% White | 50% Alaska Native

1st-to-2nd Year Retention Rates, Fall 2021: 43% Pell Grant Recipients · Stafford Loan Recipients · 50% Non-Recipients of Title IV Aid

Total Awards AY2021
- Certificate Below Bachelor’s: 28
- Certificate Above Bachelor’s: 16
- Associate: 0
- Bachelor’s: 190
- Master’s: 9
- Doctorate/Professional Degree: 126

NOTE: "·" denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.
UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA FAIRBANKS (UAF)

FAIRBANKS · DILLINGHAM · KING SALMON · TOGIAK · NEW STUYAHOK · KOTZEBUE · BETHEL · Nome

Certificates · Associate · Bachelor’s · Graduate

uaf.edu

DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN FALL 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RACE/ETHNICITY</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Native/</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African American</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian/</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacific Islander</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 yrs</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 yrs</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ENROLLMENT (FALL 2021)

- Undergraduate | 86%
- Graduate     | 14%
- Full-Time     | 40%
- Part-Time     | 60%
- With Some Distance Education | 79%
- Nonresident 2%

TUITION & FEES (AY2022)

- Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid 52% (AVG $6,826)
- Pell Grant 22% (AVG $3,375)
- Alaska Performance Scholarship 16% (AVG $3,640)
- Alaska Education Grant 10% (AVG $2,044)
- Federal Student Loans 18% (AVG $7,033)
- Alaska State Education Loans 1% (AVG $8,695)

TOP PROGRAMS

Bachelor’s Awarded AY2021
- Homeland Security, Law Enforcement, Firefighting & Related Protective Services - 78
- Engineering - 73
- Business Management, Marketing & Related Support Services - 70

TOTAL AWARDS AY2021
- Certificate Below Bachelor’s - 236
- Certificate Above Bachelor’s - 39
- Associate - 258
- Bachelor’s - 568
- Master’s - 195
- Doctorate/Professional Degree - 39

Graduation Rates within 150% of Normal Time, First-Time, Full-Time, Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates (2015 Cohort):
- Men 41%
- Women 35%
- White 47%
- Alaska Native 12%

1st-to-2nd Year Retention Rates, Fall 2021:
- Men 29%
- Women 32%

NOTE: * denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA SOUTHEAST (UAS)

JUNEAU · SITKA · KETCHIKAN

Certificates · Associate · Bachelor’s

uas.alaska.edu

DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN FALL 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RACE/ETHNICITY</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska Native/</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African American</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian/</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacific Islander</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 yrs</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 yrs</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ENROLLMENT (FALL 2021)

- Undergraduate | 88%
- Graduate     | 12%
- Full-Time     | 27%
- Part-Time     | 73%
- With Some Distance Education | 68%
- Nonresident 2%

TUITION & FEES (AY2022)

- Undergraduates Receive Gift Aid 45% (AVG $5,750)
- Pell Grant 16% (AVG $3,864)
- Alaska Performance Scholarship 8% (AVG $3,430)
- Alaska Education Grant 7% (AVG $2,147)
- Federal Student Loans 14% (AVG $7,105)
- Alaska State Education Loans <1% (AVG $9,175)

TOP PROGRAMS

Bachelor’s Awarded AY2021
- Business Management, Marketing & Related Support Services - 42
- Education - 25
- Social Sciences - 21

TOTAL AWARDS AY2021
- Certificate Below Bachelor’s - 208
- Certificate Above Bachelor’s - 31
- Associate - 77
- Bachelor’s - 144
- Master’s - 122
- Doctorate/Professional Degree

Graduation Rates within 150% of Normal Time, First-Time, Full-Time, Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates (2015 Cohort):
- Men 32%
- Women 29%
- White 37%
- Alaska Native 0%

1st-to-2nd Year Retention Rates, Fall 2021:
- Men 35%
- Women 38%

Graduation Rates Within 150% of Normal Time (2015 Cohort):
- Pell Grant Recipients 12%
- Stafford Loan Recipients 18%
- Non-Recipients of Title IV Aid 43%
Wayland Baptist University (AK)

Anchorage
Certificates · Associate · Bachelor's
wbu.edu/ak

Enrollment (Fall 2020*)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Undergraduate</th>
<th>Graduate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>77%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-Time</td>
<td>Part-Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Some Distance Education</td>
<td>Nonresident</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tuition & Fees (AY2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Undergraduates</th>
<th>Pell Grant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Receive Gift Aid</td>
<td>Alaska Performance Scholarship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80% (AVG $3,800)</td>
<td>6% (AVG $2,113)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25% (AVG $1,875)</td>
<td>Alaska Education Grant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1% (AVG $3,071)</td>
<td>Federal Student Loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% (AVG $9,441)</td>
<td>Alaska State Education Loans</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graduation Rates within 150% of Normal Time, First-Time, Full-Time, Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates (2015 Cohort):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Alaska Native</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1st-to-2nd Year Retention Rates, Fall 2021:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full-Time</th>
<th>Part-Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39%</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Wayland Baptist University (AK)

Academy of Hair Design
ahdalaska.com

Grad Rate: 89%

Top Programs Bachelor's Awarded AY2021

1. Manicurist — 20
2. Esthetician — 18
3. Combination Barber/Hairdresser — 16

Tuition & Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Tuition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manicurist</td>
<td>$9,500 Combination Barber/Hairdresser</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esthetician</td>
<td>$6,725 Esthetics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manicurist</td>
<td>$425 12 hour Manicuring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Awards AY2021

0 Certificate Below Bachelor's
0 Certificate Above Bachelor's
31 Associate
98 Bachelor's
- Master's
- Doctorate/Professional Degree

Academy of Hair Design

Head of Time Design Academy
facebook.com/topofthelinebeautysupply/

Grad Rate: 100%

Top Programs Bachelor's Awarded AY2021

1. Braider — 6
2. 12 hr Manicuring — 5
3. Esthetics — 2

Tuition & Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Tuition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Braider</td>
<td>$6,960 Esthetics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 hr Manicuring</td>
<td>$1,000 Braider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 hour Manicuring</td>
<td>$599 12 hour Manicuring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Awards AY2021

- ACPE (Loans, APS, AEG)
- DOLWD (DVR)
- AK Native/American Indian Organizations
- Other (Self Pay, Nine Star, DHSS)

Alaska Institute of Oriental Medicine, Acupuncture, & Massage Therapy
akinstitute.com

Grad Rate: 100%

Top Programs Bachelor's Awarded AY2021

1. 830 Hour Massage Therapy Program — 23

Tuition & Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Tuition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>830 Hour Massage Therapy Program</td>
<td>$16,422 Avg.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Awards AY2021

- ACPE (Loans)
- DOLWD (DVR, WIOA, STEP Grant)
- AK Native/American Indian Organizations
- Other (Self Pay, Nine Star, Jumpstart Alaska State Housing)

Demographic Breakdown Fall 2020*

Gender

- Alaska Native/ American Indian
- Asian
- Black/ African American
- Hispanic/Latino
- Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander
- White
- Two or More
- Unknown

Age

- 25 yrs | 84%
- 24 yrs | 16%

Race/Ethnicity

- Alaska Native/ American Indian
- Asian
- Black/ African American
- Hispanic/Latino
- Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander
- White
- Two or More
- Unknown

GENDER

- men 57%
- women 43%

AGE

- 25 yrs 84%
- 24 yrs 16%

NOTE: ”·“ denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.

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ACPE & The Commission
Higher Ed: Alaska Context
Higher Ed: National Context
ACPE & The Commission
Published by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education
ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS
### Anchorage · Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Center for Employment Education</strong></th>
<th><strong>Top Programs</strong></th>
<th><strong>Tuition &amp; Fees</strong></th>
<th><strong>Financial Aid</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEE-AK.COM</td>
<td>1. 6-week Basic Driver Training - CDL A — 9</td>
<td>$10,528 Avg.</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> ACPE (Loans)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Technical Management — 5</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> DOLWD (DVR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Engineering Fundamentals — 4</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Embry-Riddle Aeronautics University WorldWide</strong></td>
<td>1. Aviation Maintenance — 7</td>
<td>$1,395 per class</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Federal &amp; State Grants, Institutional &amp; Private Scholarships, Federal &amp; Private Student Loans, State Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERAU.EDU</td>
<td>2. Technical Management — 31</td>
<td>($465</td>
<td>per credit hour/3 credit courses)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 35% 2021-2022</td>
<td>3. Logistics and Supply Chain Management — 10</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>Application Fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Bachelors: 1. Aeronautics — 79</td>
<td>$25</td>
<td>Student Government Association Fee, per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Technical Management — 31</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Logistics Supply Chain Management &amp; Project Management — 2</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Employers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Undergrad Certificate:</strong> 1. Part 65 Aviation Maintenance Technology — 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>The Esthetics District</strong></td>
<td>1. Esthetics — 22</td>
<td>$8,000 per class</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theestheticsdistrict.com</td>
<td>2. 12-hour Sanitation — 26</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 100% 2022</td>
<td>3. Hairdressing — 23</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hair Science</strong></td>
<td>1. Barber — 6</td>
<td>$11,275 Barber</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hairsciencetheschool.com</td>
<td>2. 12-hour Sanitation — 26</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 83% 2022</td>
<td>3. Hairdressing — 23</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Metroasis</strong></td>
<td>1. Esthetics — 31</td>
<td>$9,985 Hairdresser</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> ACPE (ACPE Loans, APS, AEG)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metroasis.com</td>
<td>2. 12-hour Sanitation — 26</td>
<td>$7,145 Esthetics</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 100% 2022</td>
<td>3. Hairdressing — 23</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trend Setters School of Beauty</strong></td>
<td>1. Hairdressing — 23</td>
<td>$9,500 Avg.</td>
<td><strong>•</strong> ACPE (Loans)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trendsettersak.com</td>
<td>2. 12-hour Sanitation — 26</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Federal (MyCAA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 99% 2022</td>
<td>3. Hairdressing — 23</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>•</strong> Other (Private Scholarships, ACS Scholarship)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Bethel

**Yuut Eltinaurviat: The People’s Learning Center**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 100% 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Driver Training — 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Construction Trades — 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Public Safety — 18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Juneau**

**Generations Southeast Community Learning Center (GSCLC)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Grad Rate:</strong> 85% 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Child Development Assistant — 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. First Aid/CPR/AED Certification — 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Administrative Assistant, Level 1 — 12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes

- **$** denote null values throughout Exhibit 57 and 58.

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ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS
## Palmer

### Northern Industrial Training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOP PROGRAMS</th>
<th>TUITION &amp; FEES</th>
<th>FINANCIAL AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Pro Truck Driver (160 Hour)</td>
<td>$9,200</td>
<td>• ACPE (Loans, APS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Pro Truck Driver (240 Hour)</td>
<td>$11,500</td>
<td>• DOLWD (DVR, WIOA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Pro Truck Driver (320 Hour)</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>• AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- AK Native Organizations
- Other (Self Pay)

### Shear Fire Academy of Hair Design

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOP PROGRAMS</th>
<th>TUITION &amp; FEES</th>
<th>FINANCIAL AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Hairdressing</td>
<td>$7,500</td>
<td>• AK Native Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Esthetics</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Other (Self Pay)

## Sitka

### Outer Coast

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOP PROGRAMS</th>
<th>TUITION &amp; FEES</th>
<th>FINANCIAL AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Outer Coast Semester (Fall)</td>
<td>$600</td>
<td>• Other (Self Pay)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Outer Coast Semester (Spring)</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Other (Self Pay)

## Soldotna

### Alaska Driving Academy: Truck Driving Division, LLC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOP PROGRAMS</th>
<th>TUITION &amp; FEES</th>
<th>FINANCIAL AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Entry-Level Driver Training, CDL</td>
<td>$8,895</td>
<td>• ACPE (APS, AEG)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Learn-2-Drive Program, Class D</td>
<td>$9,200</td>
<td>• DOLWD (WIOA, STEP Grant)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- AK Native/American Indian Organizations
- Federal (VA Funding, MyCAA)
- Other (ADA Scholarship & Grants)

## Wasilla

### The Beauty School

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOP PROGRAMS</th>
<th>TUITION &amp; FEES</th>
<th>FINANCIAL AID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Hairdressing</td>
<td>$10,400</td>
<td>• ACPE (APS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Esthetics</td>
<td>$7,525</td>
<td>AK Native/American Indian Organizations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Other (Self Pay)

---

### Alaska Training Providers Continued...

#### Data Notes

- **ACPE & The Commission**
  - Commission members were updated May 1, 2023.
  - Current commission members can be found at acpe.alaska.gov/About-Us.
  - More can be learned about AlaskaCAN at 65by2025.org.

### Higher Education (Alaska Context)

- **EXHIBIT 1:** Alaska Department of Education and Early Development (education.alaska.gov/assessments/results/results2022).
- **EXHIBIT 2:** 2023 APS Outcomes Report (acpe.alaska.gov/Reports).
- **EXHIBIT 3:** CollegeBoard, 2022 SAT Suite Annual Reports, Alaska state report.

### Statewide 4 year cohort graduation rates

Higher Education (National Context)

- **EXHIBIT 26-28**: IPEDS 12-Month Enrollments; NSC.  
- **EXHIBIT 29**: FTE Enrollments, State of Higher Education Executive Officers Association (SHEEO) – State Higher Education Finance (SHEF) FY21 (sheef.org); 2021 state populations, US Census Bureau (census.gov/data/tables/demo/popest/2020s-state-total.html)).
  
- **EXHIBIT 30**: College acceptance rates, IPEDS data via Univstats, college statistics by states (univstats.com/states/).

**DATA TABLE 1**: Education Attainment, US Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 1-Year Estimates, Table S1501 (data.census.gov).

**EXHIBIT 32-33**:
U.S. Department of Education - NSC, IPEDS Trend Generator (nces.ed.gov/ipeds/trendgenerator/).

**DATA TABLE 2**: FTE Enrollment & Student Cost — SHEEO-SHEF FY21 (sheef.org); Average Tuition & Fees — NSC, Table 330.20; Average Debt — The Institute for College Access & Success, Project on Student Debt (ticas.org/our-work/student-debt/) & Chamber of Commerce (chamberofcommerce.org/student-loan-statistics/).

Financial Aid & Student Outcomes

- **EXHIBIT 44**: Federal Student Aid (https://studentaid.gov/data-center/student/title-iv), Internal ACPE data; UA in Review (2023)-Category Reports-Chapter I: Student Enrollment, UA Scholars February 2023 (alaska.edu).

- **EXHIBIT 45**: Internal ACPE data.

- **EXHIBIT 46**: LendEDU, States Providing the Most Need-Based Scholarships & Grants (lendedu.com/blog/states-states-financial-aid-rankings/)


- **EXHIBIT 49-53**: 2023 APS Outcomes Report (acpe.alaska.gov/reports); Internal ACPE data.

- **EXHIBIT 56**: University of Alaska In-Review (UAR) 2023, UA Data Analysis and Institutional Research (alaska.edu/ir), Table 1.53 and 1.57 (alaska.edu/ir/uainreview/AEG%20February%202023.pdf)

Alaska Postsecondary Institution Profiles

- **EXHIBIT 57**: SCHOOL PROFILES, IPEDS (nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter) | Demographic Breakdown and Enrollment – IPEDS Fall 2021 Enrollments (Age (undergraduates), Gender (all students), Race/Ethnicity (all students)); Cost & Financial Aid (2021-22) – IPEDS Student Charges, 2021-22 (Tuition & Fees, Financial Aid); 1st to 2nd Year Retention Rates (Fall 2021, 2015 Cohort) – IPEDS Frequently Used/Derived Variables, Fall Enrollment/Retention Rates 2021; Graduation Rates - IPEDS Frequently Used/Derived Variables – Graduation rates within 150% of normal time, first-time, full-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates 2021 (2015 Cohort); Total Awards – IPEDS Completions, Awards/degrees Conferred (2020-21), Grand Total (First Major); Top Programs – IPEDS Completions, Awards/degrees Conferred (2020-21), Grand Total by Award Type (First Major). For Central Texas College, Charter College, Wayland Baptist University, Alaska specific data was provided via the 2022 Alaska Higher Education Almanac ACPE survey (June 6, 2022). Surveys provided the following data: Fall 2020 demographic breakdown, tuition/fees, undergraduate receive gift aid, Pell grant, Federal student loans, Fall 2020 enrollments. For all schools, data pertaining to Alaska state aid was provided by ACPE. Data fields either not reported in IPEDS or supplied directly by the institution are denoted “•.”

- **EXHIBIT 58**: Alaska Training Providers profile data was requested via ACPE’s Alaska Higher Education 2023 Almanac Workforce Training Institution Survey; data were included to the extent each institution contributed to the Almanac, as well as Institutional Authorization’s Annual Reporting requirements.

**NOTE**: IPEDS data used in this report used provisional data where final release were not available.

**FOR QUESTIONS** about the data used in this report or for additional information about Alaska postsecondary education research, contact ACPE at (800)441-2962 or visit ACPE.ALASKA.GOV/REPORTS.